

CAPSULE SUMMARY

BA-1145

2434 Garrett Road

Mt. Vernon, Baltimore County

Circa 1875

Private

This circa 1876 Queen Anne-style house is located near the historic village of Mt. Vernon in the Seventh District of Baltimore County and is now associated with White Hall. Since its construction the property has belonged to only two families. The Slades built the dwelling during the 1870s and resided there until 1942 when the Staffords bought the property. The Stafford family has owned and resided at this property for sixty years. This dwelling is an excellent representation of the Queen Anne style in rural Baltimore County.

The wood frame dwelling rises two-and-a-half stories in height. Set on a coursed stone foundation, the five-bay wide house is clad in wood German siding and features a T-shaped footprint. On the first story of the façade or southwest elevation, the centered single-leaf, wood-paneled entry is framed by multi-light stained glass sidelights and an eight-light transom. Two 2/2 windows flank the entry to each side. Five 2/2 windows with louvered wood shutters pierce the second story. All of the windows on the first and second stories of the façade feature wood surrounds with arched lintels that are slightly pointed. There is a center gable peak that is detailed by a round-arched 2/2 window with a wood surround. Further adorning the façade is a full-width, three-bay wide porch with a shed roof, turned wood posts and balusters, imposing turned wood newel posts at the steps, and scroll-sawn brackets. The porch, now enclosed, is set upon a stone pier foundation. A side-gabled roof with slate tiles, above which rise two gabled dormers, covers the house. The dormers, identical in appearance, feature scroll-sawn brackets and 2/2 windows. On the southeast elevation of the house, there is a shouldered exterior end chimney with stretcher bond brick construction. Two interior end brick chimneys with corbeled caps adorn the main block of the house. On the rear of the house, there is a one-story wood frame attached kitchen ell. Similar to the main block, it features a stone foundation, German siding, a gabled roof, and an interior end brick chimney with a corbeled cap. There are numerous historic resources associated with the property, including a smokehouse, two barns, a silo, a corncrib, a workshop, a gas pump, an office, and two single dwellings. Non-historic buildings on the property consist of another single dwelling and an animal shelter.

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. BA-1145

1. Name of Property (indicate preferred name)

historic

other Valley View Farm

2. Location

street and number 2434 Garrett Road not for publication

city, town White Hall vicinity

county Baltimore County

3. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name John Edward Stafford

street and number 2434 Garrett Road telephone Not Available

city, town White Hall state MD zip code 21161-9748

4. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Baltimore County Courthouse tax map and parcel: 13/164

city, town Towson liber 9848 folio 175

5. Primary Location of Additional Data

- ☐ Contributing Resource in National Register District
☐ Contributing Resource in Local Historic District
☐ Determined Eligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
☐ Determined Ineligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
☐ Recorded by HABS/HAER
☐ Historic Structure Report or Research Report
☐ Other

6. Classification

Category	Ownership	Current Function	Resource Count	
			Contributing	Noncontributing
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agriculture		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce/trade	9	2
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> defense		
<input type="checkbox"/> site		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> domestic	1	
<input type="checkbox"/> object		<input type="checkbox"/> education	1	
		<input type="checkbox"/> funerary	11	2
		<input type="checkbox"/> government		
		<input type="checkbox"/> health care		
		<input type="checkbox"/> industry		
		<input type="checkbox"/> landscape		
		<input type="checkbox"/> recreation/culture		
		<input type="checkbox"/> religion		
		<input type="checkbox"/> social		
		<input type="checkbox"/> transportation		
		<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress		
		<input type="checkbox"/> unknown		
		<input type="checkbox"/> vacant/not in use		
		<input type="checkbox"/> other:		
			Number of Contributing Resources previously listed in the Inventory	
			1	

7. Description

Inventory No. BA-1145

Condition

<input type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> altered

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The dwelling at 2434 Garrett Road is set on a large rural lot with rolling hills and pastures. Constructed circa 1875, the Queen Anne-style wood-frame dwelling rises two-and-a-half stories in height. Set on a coursed stone foundation, the five-bay wide house is clad in wood German siding and features a T-shaped footprint. Rising above the cross gable roof are three interior-end and one exterior-end brick chimneys with corbeled caps. The roof is clad with slate tiles. With a hyphen, the one-story kitchen has been attached. Similar to the main block, the kitchen addition features a stone foundation, German siding, a gabled roof, and an interior-end brick chimney with a corbeled cap.

EXTERIOR

On the first story of the façade, southwest elevation, the centered entry contains a single-leaf, wood-paneled door. The entrance is framed by 10-light/3-panel sidelights and an 8-light transom. The sidelights and transom feature stained glass panes. Two 2/4 wood-sash elongated windows flank the entry to each side. Five 2/2 windows with louvered wood shutters pierce the second story. All of the windows on the first and second stories of the façade feature wood surrounds with arched lintels that are slightly pointed. The center gable is detailed by a round-arched 2/2 window with a wood surround. Two gable dormers, each containing a single 2/2 window, flank the center gable. Ornamenting the dormers are raised panels on the surround, scroll-sawn brackets, and a decorative transom panel. Further adorning the façade is a full-width, three-bay wide porch with a shed roof, turned wood posts and balusters, imposing turned wood newel posts at the steps, and scroll-sawn brackets. The porch, now enclosed, is set upon a stone pier foundation.

The southeast elevation of the main block, has a shouldered exterior-end chimney with stretcher-bond brick construction. Flanking the chimney are two 2/2 windows on each of the stories. The window surrounds are similar to those on the façade. The rear ell has a two-story shed-roof porch and gallery. The first story of the porch, has been enclosed, and contains two 8/8, one 4-light casement, and one 2/2 wood-sash windows. This elevation provides entry into the rear ell which contains a single-leaf 6-light/3-panel wood door. The gallery on the second story is supported with square wood posts and scroll-sawn balusters. The gallery is enclosed with 1-light sliding-glass doors. Flanking one side of the gallery is one 2/2 wood-sash window. The shed-roof hyphen is pierced with a 4-light casement window. The southeast elevation of the one-story kitchen is pierced with two 2/2 wood-sash windows.

The first story of the northeast elevation of the rear ell contains a pair of replacement 1-light sliding windows. The second story has one 2/2 window and the upper half story has two 2/2 windows. A single 2/2 window is visible on the second story of the main block of the dwelling. A 12-light fixed wood window pierces the northeast elevation of the vestibule.

Two 2/2 windows on each of the stories pierce the front block on the northwest elevation. The rear ell has two 2/2 windows on the second story. In the angle of the ell, is a shed-roof porch addition that has been enclosed. The porch rests on a pier foundation that has been filled in with random-rubble stone. Flanking the center entry of the porch is one 2/2 wood sash window and a pair of 8/8 wood sash windows. The entry contains a single-leaf paneled wood door. The single-leaf entry in the hyphen contains a 4-panel wood door. Two 2/2 wood-sash windows pierce the northwest elevation of the kitchen addition.

INTERIOR

The main block of the house consists of a center-passage plan flanked by two rooms. To the rear is a small secondary hall which leads to the exterior and the rear ell. The center passage has a dog-leg stair supported with a large square newel post, turned balusters, and a heavily molded stringer. The shaft of the newel post is reeded with inset columns on the corners topped with a sculpted acorn and resting on a high plinth. The landing posts on the second floor have finials that extend below and are visible on the first floor. Thin wood replacement floorboards of the center passage are covered with carpet. The original lath and plaster

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walls are covered with paper and the lath and plaster ceiling is painted. The original 9-inch wood baseboard is canted at the top edge and has a shoe molding. The original exterior door features three over eleven raised panels separated by a denticulated molding. The original door casing features bulls eye corner blocks and a cyma reversa, fillet, and astragal molding. The chair rail consists of two cyma reversa moldings connecting a fillet.

Southeast of the passage is the living room. The original lath and plaster walls and ceiling are painted. Similar to the hall are the floorboards and door casing. The original window casings are similar to the door casings. One original 5-panel wood door has a brass knob. The 9-inch baseboard has a small astragal, cyma reversa, fascia, and a shoe molding. The fireplace in the living room has a brick surround and hearth and a heavily molded lintel. The lintel consists of an ovolo, fillet, cavetto, fillet, chamfer, ovolo, and astragal molding. Alterations in the living room include the removal of the mantel surround and the application of pressed vertical boards and battens on the southeast wall.

Opposite the living room is the kitchen. Features similar to those of the living room include the baseboard, floorboards, window and door casings, and five-panel door. The original lath and plaster walls are papered and the lath and plaster ceiling is painted. Around the perimeter of the room is a non-historic cyma reversa crown molding and a raised chair rail. Alterations to the kitchen include infill of the fireplace opening which was then covered with wall paper. A door on the northeast wall is blocked by non-historic cabinets.

The rear hall has two closets (one underneath the stair), a bathroom, and a doorway to the rear ell. Not original to the house are the bathroom and two closets. The rear hall features a wood baseboard similar to the passage, and the floor is covered with carpet. The lath and plaster walls are painted. Four doors have flush wood casings and one casing consists of an astragal, cyma reversa, and fillet molding. The bathroom has a linoleum tile floor and drywall ceiling and walls. It features a 6-inch flush baseboard with a shoe molding, a 3-inch flush window casing, beaded door casings, and a 4-inch chair rail.

The second story of the main block has three bedrooms, one bathroom, and two closets in the hall. A doorway at the landing leads to the rear ell. The southeast bedroom features a mantel similar to the living room. The window and door casings consist of two cyma reversa moldings connecting a fillet. These casings are not as wide and elaborate as those on the first floor.

Access to the rear ell, attic story, and basement were not provided. According to information from the owner, the basement and rear ell are finished as apartments.

SECONDARY RESOURCES

There are numerous historic resources associated with the property, including a smokehouse, two barns, silo, corncrib, workshop, gas pump, office, and two single-family dwellings. Non-historic buildings on the property consist of another single-family dwelling and an animal shelter. The smokehouse, constructed circa 1930, is one story in height and one bay in width. It features concrete block construction, a side-gabled roof with asphalt shingling, and a single-leaf, vertical board wood door.

The bank barn, constructed circa 1900, is set on a raised foundation that is partially constructed of stone and partially of concrete block. Clad in vertical board siding, the bank barn features a front-gabled roof of standing seam metal. The bank barn has numerous additions on the side and rear, ultimately connecting it to the other circa 1900 barn that stands to the east of it.

The other barn is two stories in height and is set on a stone foundation. Clad in board-and-batten siding, the barn features two sets of double-leaf doors and a single-leaf door, all of which are constructed of vertical board. The silo, constructed circa 1910, is a concrete-stave silo.

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The corncrib, constructed circa 1900, is a drive-through wood-frame corncrib. Clad in narrow slats of horizontal wood with spaces left to allow for air to circulate to facilitate the drying process, the corncrib has vertical boards in the gable end. It features a front gable roof with corrugated metal cladding. On the northwest elevation of the corncrib, there is a machine shed addition with a side gable roof.

The workshop was constructed of wood frame on a brick and stone pier foundation and is clad in board-and-batten siding. Constructed circa 1900, the shop is one story in height and five bays in width with a center entry. The windows are 6/6 sash windows and the door is wood paneled. A 1950s gas pump stands adjacent to the workshop.

Circa 1940, a one-story, one-bay-wide office was constructed to the rear of the main dwelling. It features a stone foundation, German siding, a single-leaf wood paneled door, and a front gable roof with asphalt shingles.

The property has three tenant houses, two of which are historic. The first, located at the northernmost part of the property, was constructed circa 1900. Clad in board-and-batten siding, the dwelling is two stories in height and features a side-gabled pressed metal shingle roof. Additionally, it features a shed-roofed porch and an addition with a front-gabled roof on the façade. The other historic tenant house was constructed circa 1940. Set on a parged foundation, the one-and-a-half-story, three-bay-wide bungalow is clad in German siding with cornerboards and features a shed-roof porch and a front-gabled roof with overhanging eaves.

The non-historic outbuildings consist of another tenant house and an animal shelter. The tenant house, constructed circa 1960, is one story in height and five bays in width. Featuring a concrete block structural system, the house has a projecting front gable bay, a side-gabled asphalt-shingle roof, and double-hung windows with rowlock brick sills. The shelter, constructed in the last quarter of the 20th century, has wood post supports and a gable roof of standing seam metal.

8. Significance

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Period	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> health/medicine	<input type="checkbox"/> performing arts	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> invention	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-1999	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment/ recreation	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion	
<input type="checkbox"/> 2000-	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> ethnic heritage	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science	
	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/ settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> social history	
	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning		<input type="checkbox"/> maritime industry	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation	
	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation		<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other:	

Specific dates 1876 ca. **Architect/Builder** unknown

Construction dates 1876 ca.

Evaluation for:

☐ National Register ☐ Maryland Register ☒ not evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance reports, complete evaluation on a DOE Form - see manual.)

SIGNIFICANCE STATEMENT

This circa 1876 Queen Anne-style house is located near the historic village of Mt. Vernon in the Seventh District of Baltimore County and is now associated with White Hall. Since its construction the property has belonged to two families. The Slades built the dwelling during the 1870s and resided here until 1942 when the Staffords bought the property. The Stafford family has owned and resided at this property for sixty years. This dwelling is an excellent representation of the Queen Anne style in rural Baltimore County.

HISTORY

The dwelling at 2434 Garrett Road is located near Mt. Vernon in Baltimore County. Mt. Vernon, situated on First Mine Run, was served in 1881 by a Methodist Episcopal and a Baptist church and a school.⁽¹⁾ Towards the end of the 19th century and early 20th century the name changed to Vernon, as seen on 1915 Bromley Atlas. The Seventh District was one of the largest and most populated regions of the county in the latter part of the 19th century, which had an area of 59.93 square miles and a population of 3,074 by 1870. It is bounded on the north by Pennsylvania, the south by the Eighth District, the east by Harford County, and the west by the Fifth and Sixth Districts. Arable fields for plantings of wheat, corn, oats, and fruits supported the district. It was known for its dairy production and the breeding of cattle. In addition, the waterpower of the Gunpowder Falls and its tributaries supported numerous farms and mills throughout the district.

This dwelling is an excellent representative of Queen Anne-style dwellings in Baltimore County. This style lacks omnipresence throughout Baltimore County, compared to the more popular vernacular stone dwellings. Stone is abundant throughout the county and therefore made stone construction affordable and desirable. Few dwellings throughout rural Baltimore County exhibit a particular style due to the use of stone. Ornament and decorative elements are easier to produce with wood, therefore allowing a wood frame dwelling to exude a particular style. This is common with many of the Queen Anne-style dwellings seen throughout Baltimore County. They are sparse in comparison to vernacular stone dwellings, and are typically constructed in wood.

Popular in the late 19th century, the Queen Anne style was typically represented by irregular forms and the extensive use of ornamental motifs executed in wood. Through the early 20th century, the irregular form was lost in favor of the rectangular box. This front-gabled box, complete with full-width or wrapping porch, turned posts, and cornice detailing, typically displayed more restrained applied ornament. The Valley View farmhouse reflects a diluted interpretation of the Queen Anne style. Typically, the vernacular rendition makes limited use of the high-style vocabulary, including such motifs as scroll-sawn brackets and bargeboard, to detail less complex domestic forms. Overall, the vernacular Queen Anne buildings have simplified rooflines and regular

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footprints.

This dwelling is noted on the 1877 Hopkins Atlas as occupied by Mrs. E. Slade.(2) The 1915 Bromley Atlas shows C.L. Slade at this residence with 124 acres.(3) Members of two different families have resided at this house since its construction circa 1876. The Slade family resided here for approximately sixty-six years until 1942 when it was sold to Edward E. and Dorothy C. Stafford. Dorothy Stafford sold the property to John Edward Stafford in 1984.

ENDNOTES

1. J. Thomas Scharf, History of Baltimore City and County From the Earliest Period to the Present Day: Including Biographical Sketches of Their Representative Men (Philadelphia, PA: Louis H. Everts, 1881. Reprinted by Higginson Book Company, Salem, MA), p. 871, 875.
2. Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland (Philadelphia: G. M. Hopkins, 1877), p. 61
3. Map of Baltimore County (Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915).

CHAIN OF TITLE

March 17, 1876	Sarah Smithson to Eliza R. Slade Land Records of Baltimore County Liber 95 Folio 511
1932	Christoper C. Slade to James Elmer Slade Land Records of Baltimore County Liber 368 Folio 353
April 17, 1942	James Elmer Slade and wife to Edward E. and Dorthy C. Stafford Land Records of Baltimore County Liber CHK 1219 Folio 554
June 6, 1984	Dorothy C. Stafford, widow to John E. and Lynn C. Stafford Land Records of Baltimore County Liber 6723 Folio 288
September 29, 1992	John E. Stafford and Lynn C. Stafford to John E. Stafford Land Records of Baltimore County Liber 9848 Folio 175

9. Major Bibliographical References

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See continuation sheet.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property 26 acres

Acreage of historical setting unknown

Quadrangle name Norrisville

Quadrangle scale 1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

This house constructed circa 1876, is located at 2434 Garrett Road in White Hall in the Seventh District of Baltimore County. It has been hisotrically associated with tax map 13 parcel 164 since its construction.

11. Form Prepared By

name/title K. Baynard & J. Riggle, Architectural Historians

organization E.H.T. Traceries

date 9/16/02

street and number 1121 Fifth Street, NW

telephone 202/393-1199

city or town Washington

state DC zip code 20001

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
DHCD/DHCP
100 Community Place
Crownsville MD 21032
410-514-7600

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Name

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Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland. Philadelphia, PA: G. M. Hopkins, 1877.

Baltimore County Historic Inventory.

Brooks, Neal A. and Eric G. Rockel. A History of Baltimore County. Towson, MD: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979.

Map of Baltimore County. Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915.

Scharf, J. Thomas. History of Baltimore City and County From the Earliest Period to the Present Day: Including Biographical Sketches of Their Representative Men. Philadelphia, PA: Louis H. Everts, 1881. Reprinted by Higginson Book Company, Salem, MA.

Sidney, J. C. Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys. Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850.

BA-1145

2434 Garrett Road

N ↗

4

DRIVE-IN
BARN

HOUSE

OUTBUILDING

House

OFFICE.

SHED

Sila

Dairy Barn

MAIN
HOUSE

GARRETT ROAD

RESOURCE FLOOR PLAN

BA-1145

VALLEY VIEW FARM

2434 GARRETT ROAD

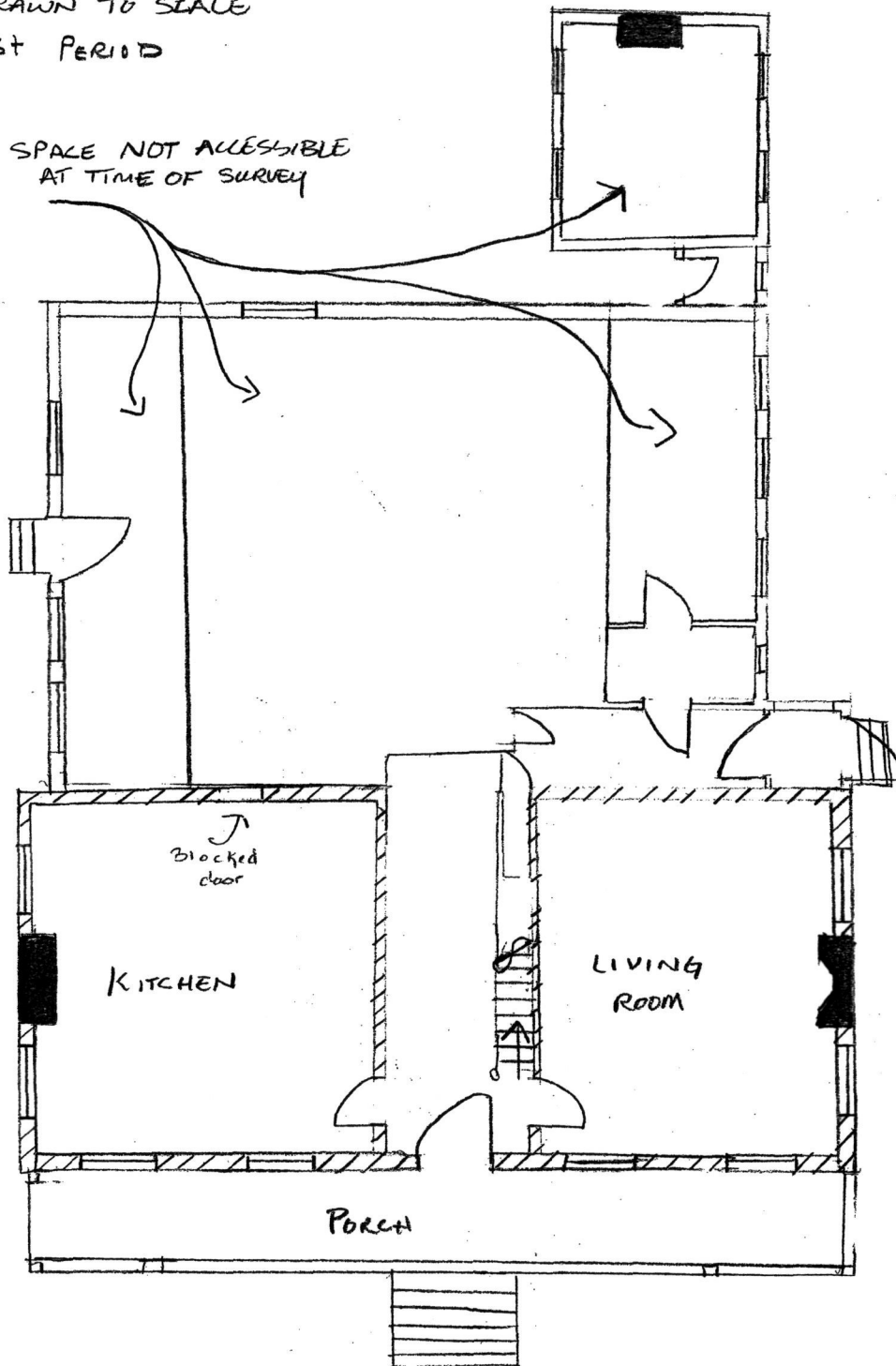
WHITE HALL

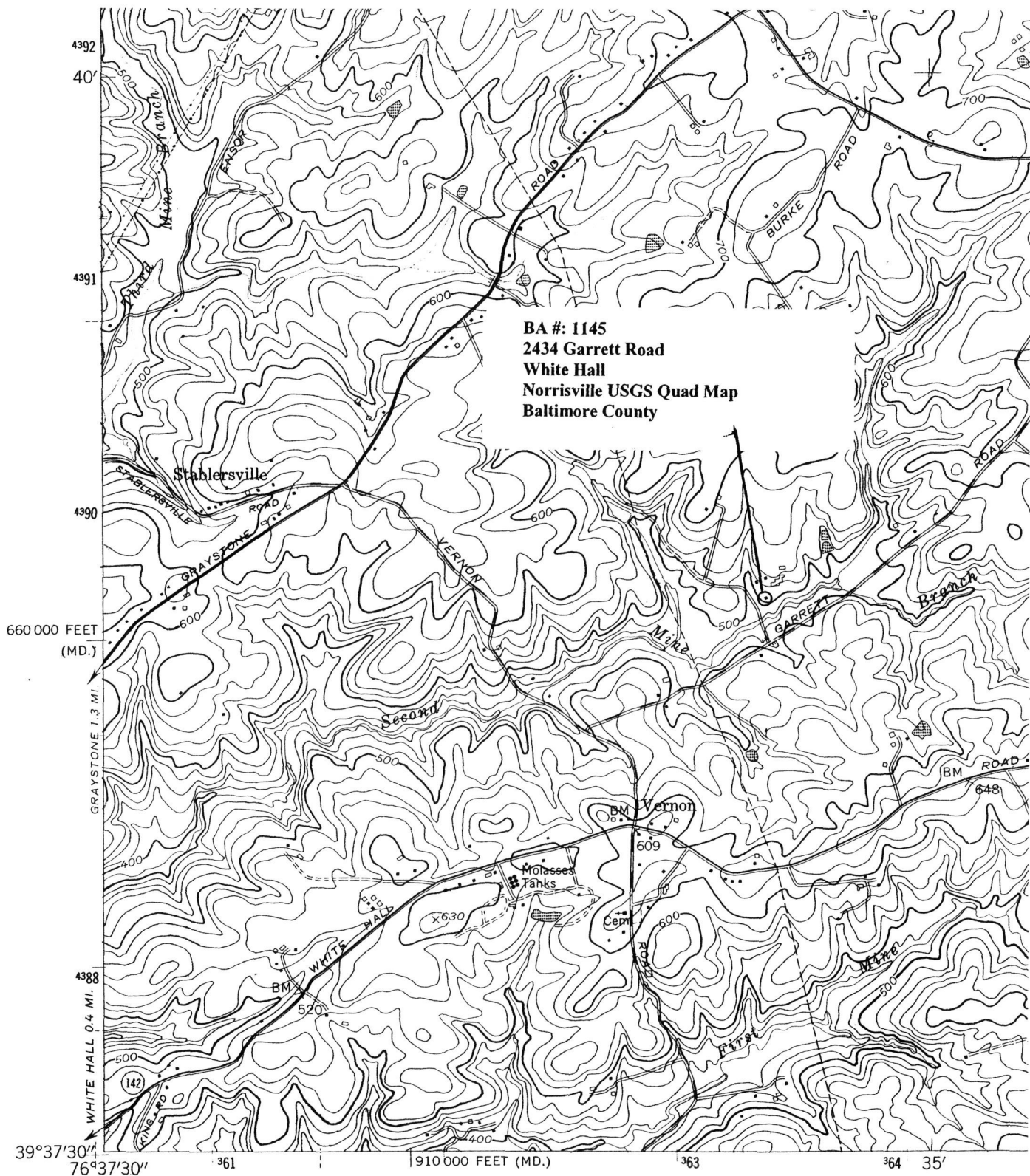
NOT DRAWN TO SCALE

▨ 1st PERIOD

↗ N

SPACE NOT ACCESSIBLE
AT TIME OF SURVEY





(HEREFORD)
5663 II SW

Mapped by the Army Map Service
Edited and published by the Geological Survey

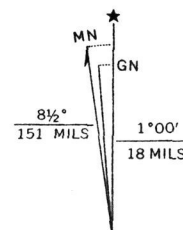
Control by USGS, USC&GS, USCE, and USSCS

Topography from aerial photographs by photogrammetric methods
Aerial photographs taken 1943. Field check 1944
Culture revised by the Geological Survey 1956 - 1957

Polyconic projection. 1927 North American datum
10,000-foot grids based on Maryland coordinate system,
and Pennsylvania coordinate system, south zone
1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks,
zone 18, shown in blue

Unchecked elevations are shown in brown

To place on the predicted North American Datum 1983,
move the projection lines 7 meters south and
28 meters west as shown by dashed corner ticks



UTM GRID AND 1974 MAGNETIC NORTH
DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET

Map photoinspected 1984
No major culture or drainage changes observed



BA-1145

VALLEY VIEW FARM

HOUSE, 2434 GARRETT ROAD

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRACERIES

3/2002

MHT

MAIN HOUSE, SOUTHWEST ELEVATION

1 of 10



BA-1145

VALLEY VIEW FARM

HOUSE, 2434 GARRETT ROAD

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRAILERIES

3/2002

MHT

MAIN HOUSE, SOUTH CORNER

2 of 10



BA-1145

VALLEY VIEW FARM

HOUSE, 2434 GARRETT ROAD

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRAILERES

3/2002

MHT

MAIN HOUSE, EAST CORNER

3 of 10



BA-1145

VALLY VIEW FARM

HOUSE, 2434 GARRETT ROAD
BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRAKERIES

3/2002

MHT

BARN, SOUTHWEST ELEVATION

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BA-1145

VALLEY VIEW FARM

HOUSE, 2434 GARRETT ROAD

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRACERIES

3/2002

MHT

OFFICE # SINGLE DWELLING, VIEW LOOKING NORTH

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BA-1145

VALLEY VIEW FARM
HOUSE. 2434 GARRETT ROAD

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD
TRAILERIES

3/2002

MHT

SINGLE DWELLING, VIEW LOOKING NORTHEAST

leaf 10



BA-1145

VALLEY VIEW FARM

HOUSE, 2434 GARRETT ROAD

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRACERIES

3/2002

MHT

OUTBUILDINGS, VIEW LOOKING SOUTHEAST

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BA-1145

VALLEY VIEW FARM

2434 GARRETT ROAD

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRACERIES

9/2002

MD SHPO

FIRST FLOOR, CENTER PASSAGE, VIEW LOOKING NORTH

8 OF 10



BA-1145

VALLEY VIEW FARM

2434 GARRETT ROAD

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRACERIES

9/2002

MD SHPO

FIRST FLOOR LIVING ROOM, VIEW LOOKING
SOUTHEAST

9 OF 10



BA-1145

VALLEY VIEW FARM

2434 GARRETT ROAD

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRACERIES

9/2002

MD SHPO

FIRST FLOOR KITCHEN, VIEW LOOKING SOUTH

10 OF 10

BA - 1145

VALLEY VIEW FARM - 1875-1900 - Northwest side of Garrett Road, Vernon vicinity. The John Almony house shown in 1877 atlas burned and was replaced by the William Cummings house of the 1915 atlas. Large, 2-½ story Victorian style house of frame and clapboard, 5 bays wide, with cross-gable in a projecting pavilion. Two large dormers. Round-topped window in gable peak. Full-width screened front porch. Rear wing of frame. Outside end-chimneys. Set on hilltop. Good condition. Owner: